

ACS.CORT1 SAFETY ASSESSMENT CRITERIA INITIAL NON-DOMESTIC.NATURAL GAS & LPG OVERHEAD RADIANT PLAQUE AND TUBE HEATERS

ACS.SMB.004.AC.TABLE 4.CORT1. INITIAL



Introduction

Tests the gas safety competence of an operative in the work of install, commission, service, repair and break down of non-domestic overhead luminous radiant plaque and radiant tube heaters.

CBs may adopt Competence and Criteria numbering different to that used in this document.

CB documentation may adopt wording for criteria different to that used in this document, provided the meaning is unaffected.

Range

Overhead radiant luminous plaque heaters and Type A (flueless) and Type B (flued) overhead radiant tube heaters.

Pre-requisites

COCN1 or CCN1 + CoDNCO1 or CCLP1 + CoDNCO1 or QCF or S/NVQ + ICPN 1 if pipework exceeds 50 mm diameter

These assessments do not include tightness testing and purging (see TPCP1A and TPCP1).

Exclusions

Design or positioning of overhead radiant heaters, building, penetrating or making good of walls, roofs or ceilings, application of pipework protection, welding of steel joints, installation of main equipotential earth bonding, electrical work and portable or transportable heaters.

References and normative documents

MIs.

All relevant documents as listed in the Legislative, Normative & Informative Document List (LINDL), inc.:

- HSL56
- HSEH40
- GIUSP
- BS 6896
- BS 7186
- BS 7967-5
- BS EN 13410
- IGEM/UP/10 Edition 4.

ACS.SMB.003.ACRND identifies Normative Documents that should be held by ACs.

Abbreviations

AC. Assessment Centre CB. Certification Body FSD. Flame supervision device I. Initial MIs. Manufacturer's/manufacturers' instructions R. Re-assessment Ref. Reference.

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PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	REF	Ι
1.	check gas supply is of adequate size		\checkmark
2.	check appliance is sited to MIs		\checkmark
3.	check suspend appliance at a suitable height to MIs		\checkmark
4.	check appliance assembly is complete and fit for use and purpose		
5.	check gas pipework, fittings, isolation valve and flexible metallic hose conform		
6.	isolate gas and electrical supplies prior to work		, √
7.	fit isolation valve to existing gas point		, √
8.	install appliance gas regulator, if appropriate		v v
9.	use pipework or flexible hose to connect appliance to isolation valve		
9. 10.	connect flue to radiant tube heater		v √
11.	re-establish gas and electrical supplies		
			\checkmark
12.	check work carried out is gas tight		\vee
13.	dismantle and clean appliance operational gas safety components, using appropriate		\checkmark
	cleaning methods and agents e.g. isolation valves, gas regulators, FSDs, combustion		
	chambers, refractory plaques, ignition devices, solenoids and fan flow switches		
14.	commission appliance:	_	1
(i)	purge appliance of air		\checkmark
(ii)	check operating pressures at appliance is to MIs. Adjust regulator, if required		\checkmark
(iii)	check burner flame pictures, stability, ignition are correct (combustion ratio for		\checkmark
	radiant tube heaters to MIs)		
(iv)	check ventilation is to MIs. Demonstrate a CO ₂ atmosphere test (see 17. below)		
(v)	check safety control devices are operating correctly		
(vi)	check user controls are operating correctly		\checkmark
(vi)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
(vii)	check thermostat is operating correctly, if applicable		
15.	identify defects on gas safety components		, √
16.	explain safe operation and use of appliance		v v
17.	measure CO ₂ in ambient air:		v
(a)	check analyser is suitable, correctly assembled and calibrated (BS 8494 analyser)		\checkmark
(b)	zero and purge analysers to MIs, outdoors		
(c)	assemble sample lines and probes and ensure all are free from leaks/damage		V
(d)	take CO ₂ reading outdoors		V
(e)	with fuel burning appliances turned off, ventilate enclosed area until CO_2 levels fall to		V
(0)	approx. those outdoors		,
(f)	close external doors, windows and customer – adjustable ventilation		V (
(g)	inspect appliances for obvious defects. Take a CO_2 sample at centre of area		V
(h)	turn on one test appliance and carry out a CO_2 build up test		
(i)	sample CO ₂ readings for at least 15 minutes		\checkmark
(j)	record results		\checkmark
KN	OWLEDGE & UNDERSTANDING		
1.			
2.	identify the 3 methods of ventilation for flueless appliances		\checkmark
3.	positioning of vents and grilles to provide ventilation for flued and unflued appliances		
4.	additional building ventilation to be considered when installing unflued appliances		v √
. 5.	identification of location and position of exhaust air openings for flueless appliances		v _/
5. 6.	siting locations and requirements for flued and flueless appliances		v √
0. 7.	types of tube supports, clips and fixings for supporting appliances		
8.	types and selection of manual isolation valves used with flexible pipe assemblies for		V
0	both LPG and NG, for connecting appliances		_/
9.	protection of combustible material within vicinity of appliance and its flue		\checkmark
	flues for appliances		\checkmark
11.			
12.	operation of system and gas safety control devices		\checkmark
13.			
14.	termination for appliances of rated heat input less that 70 kW net		\checkmark
15.	maintenance		
16.	ventilation when vapours/gases present in air degrade to potentially harmful gases		
17.	ambient CO ₂ readings:		v
(i)	effect of increasing levels of CO ₂ on appliance combustion		1/
(ii)	causes of increasing levels of CO_2 of appliance combustion		v /
(1)		1	V

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(iii)	where to take CO ₂ readings	٦/
(iv)	evacuation of personnel from test area	
(v)	judging acceptability of ambient CO ₂ readings	\checkmark
(vi)	actions when ambient CO ₂ levels are excessive:	\checkmark
	risk assessment	\checkmark
	turning off appliances and isolation	
	evacuation of occupants	
	opening windows etc.	
	advising responsible person	
	• GIUSP 11	
(vii)	re-entry to area under test	\checkmark
18.	ambient CO readings:	
	Differences compared to CO ₂ sampling;	\checkmark
	- toxicity	
	- excessive CO levels	